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The primary accomplishments of the previous funding period were: 1) The 4.0 kb genomic sequence (-4000 to +1) immediately upstream of the transcriptional start site of the Scn10a gene was fused to the enhanced green fluorescence protein (EGFP) and microinjected into the nuclei of neurons of dorsal root ganglia (DRG). The -4000 to -2500 region was found to be essential for expression of EGFP; 2) The transcription factor c-Jun was found to bind within the -3100 to -3200 region; 3) At least 5 other transcription factors bind within the -3100 to -3200 region; 4) A large number of putative cDNAs encoding the binding domains of putative transcription factors that interact within the -3100 to -3200 region was isolated using the yeast one-hybrid technique; 5) A large collection of cDNAs encoding wild-type and mutant forms of G $\alpha$ , G $\beta$ , and G $\gamma$  subunits were constructed for future analysis into their role in activating the Scn10a tetrodotoxin-resistant sodium channel.

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## Introduction

The *Scn10a* gene product encodes a tetrodotoxin-resistant sodium channel (SNS/PN3) expressed exclusively in a subset of primary sensory neurons (e.g., dorsal root and nodose ganglia) believed to be involved in pain transmission. Thus, it is important to understand mechanisms contributing to both the function of the protein and the exquisite specificity of gene expression. The overall research plan is detailed in the flowchart depicted to the right. Significant progress was made during the latest funding period on both the genomic (left branch) and proteomic (right branch) sections of the research plan (figure 1).

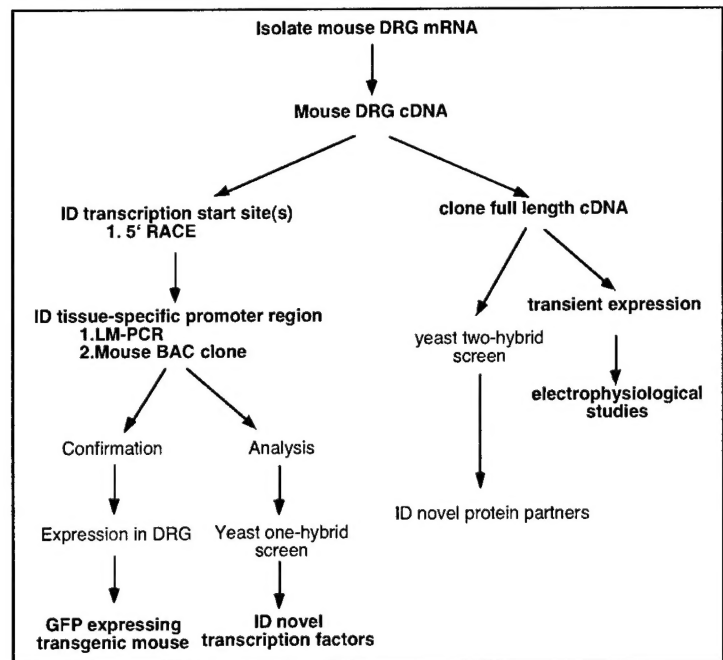


Figure 1. Research Plan.

Expression analysis of the 4.0 kb genomic sequence immediately upstream of the transcriptional start site of the *Scn10a* gene revealed that the 1.5 kb sequence distal to the transcriptional start site is essential for gene expression. The transcription factor c-Jun (AP1) was found to bind to the far upstream region of this 4.0 kb sequence. Evidence of additional, but as yet uncharacterized, transcription factor interaction in the far upstream region was detected. To isolate transcription factors that interact within sub-regions of the 4.0 kb region, we have utilized the yeast one-hybrid technology. A number of putative transcription factors that interact within specific regions essential for *Scn10a* gene transcription have been isolated and their identity is currently being assessed. Lastly, a wide range of cDNAs encoding wild-type and mutant (constitutively active or dominant negative) forms of  $G\alpha$ ,  $G\beta$ , and  $G\gamma$  subunits were constructed to assess their role in modulating expression of the *Scn10a* sodium channel in future co-transfection assays of mouse dorsal root ganglia (DRG).

## Expression studies with 4.0kb region.

The sequence of the 4.0 kb region upstream of the transcriptional start site of the Scn10a gene is shown in figure 2.

Figure 2

Sequence Range: 1 to 4032

>LMPCR\_(round\_two)\_product\_SSP1\_library

```

      10      20      30      40      50      60
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      70      80      90     100     110     120
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     130     140     150     160     170     180
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     190     200     210     220     230     240
ACGAGGGACGGCTCTTGATTACCTCTAGATGCTGGGCTTGTGAGTCCAGGCAAGCAGAG

     250     260     270     280     290     300
TGTTCCTGGAGAGGCTTCTCTGGGGGAGGATCATTCTGAGCAGGGCACAGGCACAGAAAT

     310     320     330     340     350     360
CATTAGTCCATCTGTAAACATGTCTGAGATGTTAGTGGAGTGTCCATGAAGGAAATTCA

     370     380     390     400     410     420
GGCTTCTACCACATTAGTGATATATTTAAATCTGACACCAGGAGAGAGATTTATGATGGAG

     430     440     450     460     470     480
CTGACAGACTCCGGTGCCATGTCAGGTAGGTGACTGAAGCCCTGGGGAAGGAGAGGCGTA

     490     500     510     520     530     540
GGATGGAATCTTAAACGATTCTCCAACACTTCCAGGTGGCAGAGGAGGAGGCAGCCCA

     550     560     570     580     590     600
GGCCAGAGAAGCTCCTCTGAAAACAGAAGTCAAGAGGGTGGAGTGTGGTGCAAGGACCAT

     610     620     630     640     650     660
GCAGCTAATCCTGCGGAGCCCCTAGGATGAGAGCGCCAGAGAGGAGACACATGACACAGG

     670     680     690     700     710     720
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     730     740     750     760     770     780
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     790     800     810     820     830     840
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     850     860     870     880     890     900
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     910     920     930     940     950     960
TATCTTTGTCTGTATACAGAAAGCAGAGAGAGCCAACCTGGGAATGACTTGTGGCTTTTGG

     970     980     990    1000    1010    1020
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    1030    1040    1050    1060    1070    1080
```

CCCCAAAGGGCACCACAACTAGGAACCAAGCACTCAGATGCCCCGAGACTATGAGCGACA

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1150 1160 1170 1180 1190 1200  
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1270 1280 1290 1300 1310 1320  
TCTGAACCTGCCAGAAATGGCTCTCAGTCTCCAGGCTCCCCAGCACCCACAGG

1330 1340 1350 1360 1370 1380  
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CTCCCTGGTCTGATTGCTACCAGGCAGCTGATCCACATGCCCTGCTCCAAGTTTGACCC

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>overlap\_LMPCR\_round\_1+2

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>LMPCR\_(round\_one)\_product\_EcoRV\_library

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1810 1820 1830 1840 1850 1860  
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1870 1880 1890 1900 1910 1920  
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1930 1940 1950 1960 1970 1980  
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1990 2000 2010 2020 2030 2040  
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 2470 2480 2490 2500 2510 2520  
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 GGGAAAGATGGGAGGAATGATGGGAAGAGAATGAGAGAAGGCAGGGAGGGAGAGGAGAAGG  
 2650 2660 2670 2680 2690 2700  
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 ATGTCTGTAGGAAACCATCAAAGGCATTTAATTTAATAAAGCAACCAGGATTGTACATAA  
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 3370 3380 3390 3400 3410 3420  
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 GAGGGAGACTGGGTAGATTGTTTTAATTTGTTTCTTTTGTCAAAGGGGGACAAAACAC  
 3490 3500 3510 3520 3530 3540  
 GCTTTGGTGAGTGCAGTGTTTATTCTGGGACACAAACCCAGAGTCTGGAAGGGAGCATT  
 3550 3560 3570 3580 3590 3600

CAACGGGTGCTGCTCTGCCACGCAGGGGCAGCGGTGGGACTCAGCCCATCCTGCTAAGGA

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3730 3740 3750 3760 3770 3780  
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3790 3800 3810 3820 3830 3840  
TCAGAGTGTACTTCTGGAGCCCATCCAGCAAGCAGGGTGGAACTCATGACGGGAAATGG

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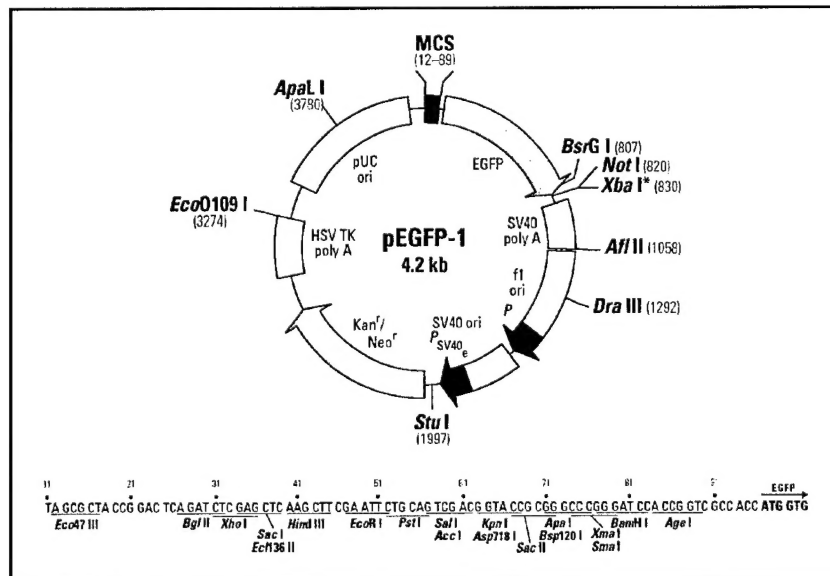
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>RACE\_clone\_I\_end  
3970 3980 3990 4000 4010 4020  
AGCTGGGGTCTCCAGCTTACTTCTGCTAATGCTACCCAGGCCTTTAGACGGAGAACAGA

4030  
TGGCAGATGGAG

Two PCR products, 1.7 kb and 2.5 kb in size, corresponding to the transcriptional start site distal and proximal portions of the 4.0 kb sequence were cloned into the pEGFP-1 vector from Clontech (figure 2). This vector contains the coding region of the enhanced green fluorescent protein down stream from a multiple cloning site. The vector allows the analysis of sequences for promoter activity by their ability to drive expression of the EGFP protein product.

Figure 2. pEGFP expression vector.





The resulting expression constructs were microinjected into the nuclei of neurons from primary cultures of dorsal root ganglia. A nuclear targeted dsRED construct was coinjected as a positive control. The presence of visibly red nuclei indicated a successful injection yet would not interfere with the detection of the EGFP signal that was predominantly cytoplasmic. The neurons were dissociated with collagenase and trypsin and cultured for two days in the presence of nerve growth factor and glial derived neurotrophic factor. The construct containing the 2.5kb fragment failed to produce visible EGFP production as shown in figure 3. The 4.0kb fragment successfully drove expression in a majority of but not all injected cells.

Figure 3. The 2.5 kb fragment does not drive expression of EGFP in mouse DRG neurons.

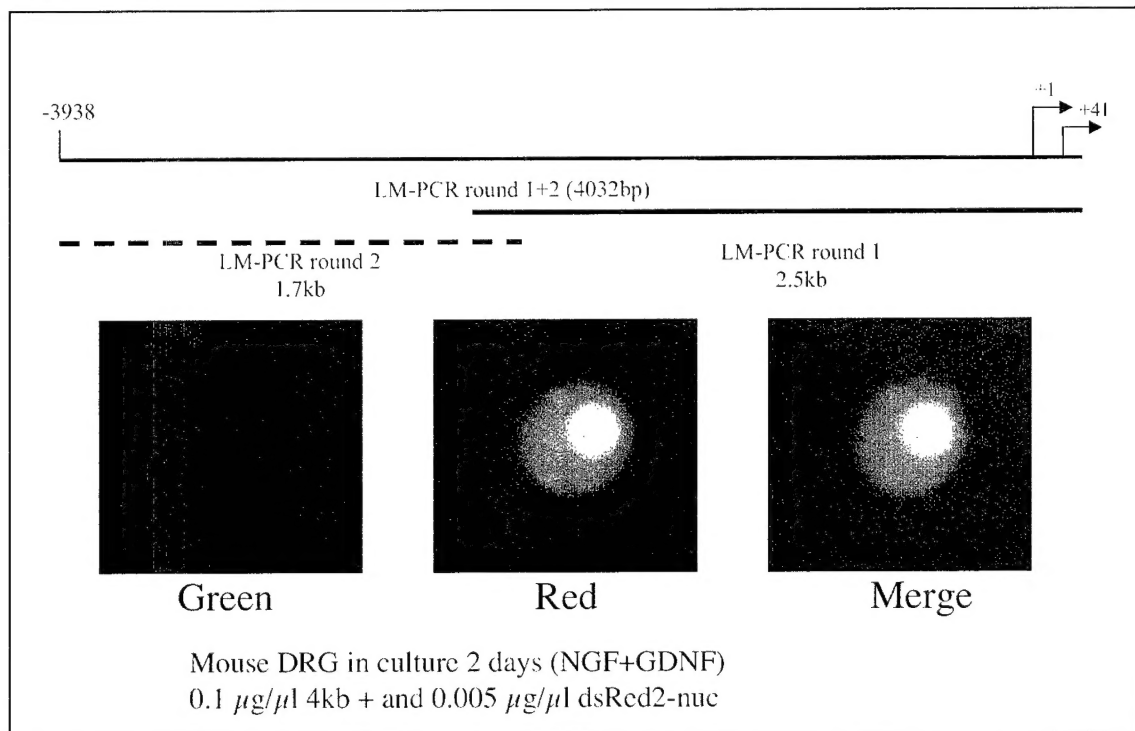
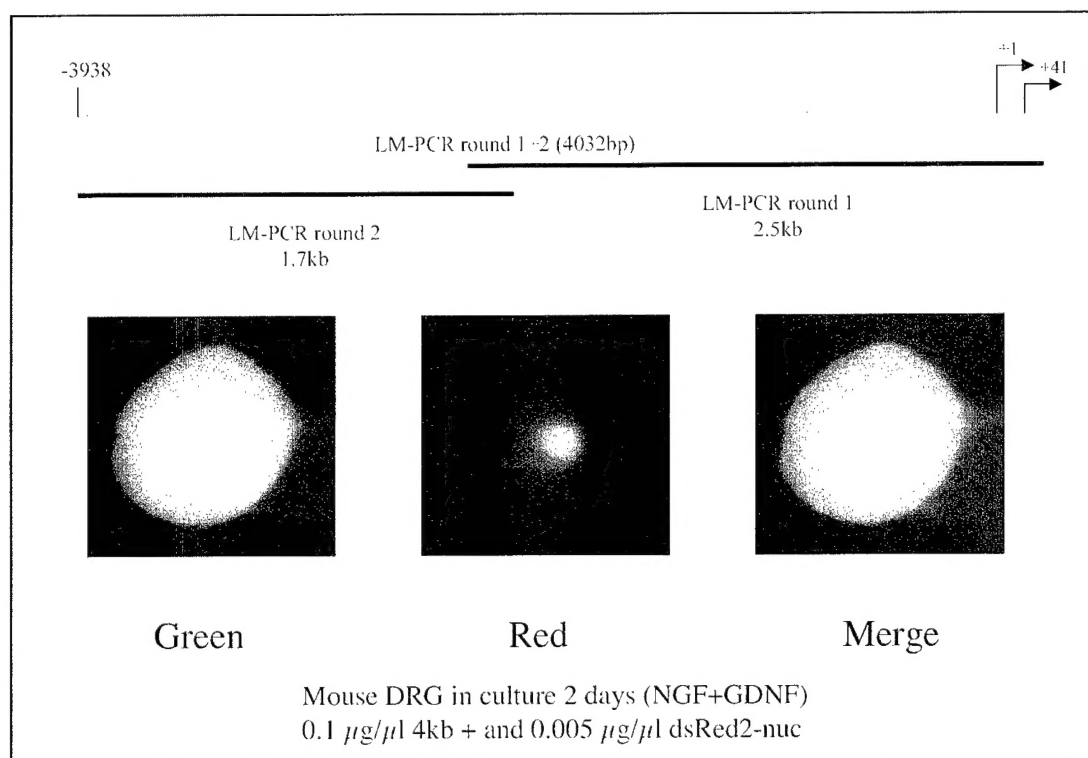


Figure 4 shows cells expressing EGFP following injection. Figure 5 shows an example of a successful injection, as viewed by dsRED production, with no EGFP production. The expression of *Scn10a* in only a subset of small diameter neurons in DRGs may account for the failure of this construct to express in all injected cells. Injection of all constructs into sympathetic neurons isolated from superior cervical ganglia failed to produce visually detectable levels of EGFP. *Scn10a* is not expressed in these neurons and therefore this experiment serves as a negative control.

Figure 4. The 4.0 kb construct drives expression of EGFP in DRGs



Deletion analyses of the 4.0kb fragment has begun. Three deletion fragments of the 5' end of the 4.0kb fragment, designated S, M, and L, have been generated by the PCR and cloned into pEGFP-1. These constructs designated S, M, and L were generated by designing primers to various positions of the parent 4.0kb fragment as shown in figure 5. Preliminary injection experiments performed as described above with the M or medium sized construct produced visibly green cells. This suggests that essential *cis* elements lie within the region in construct M. Sequence analysis of the 4.0 kb region (figure 6 and 7) reveals a number of putative *cis* elements and silencer elements that bind specific transcription factors.

Figure 5. 5' Deletion strategy for 4.0kb deletion constructs.

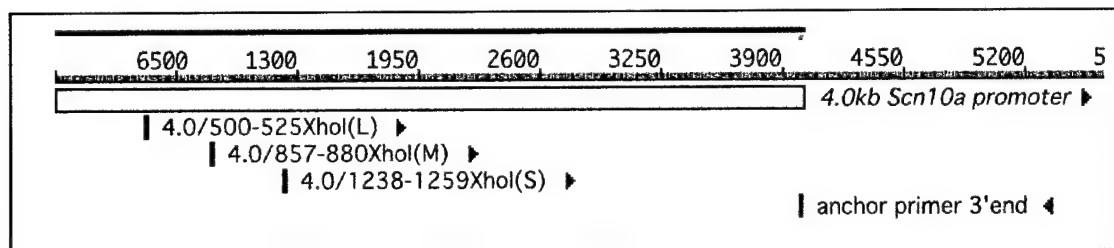


Figure 6. Putative *cis* elements in the 4.0 kb region.

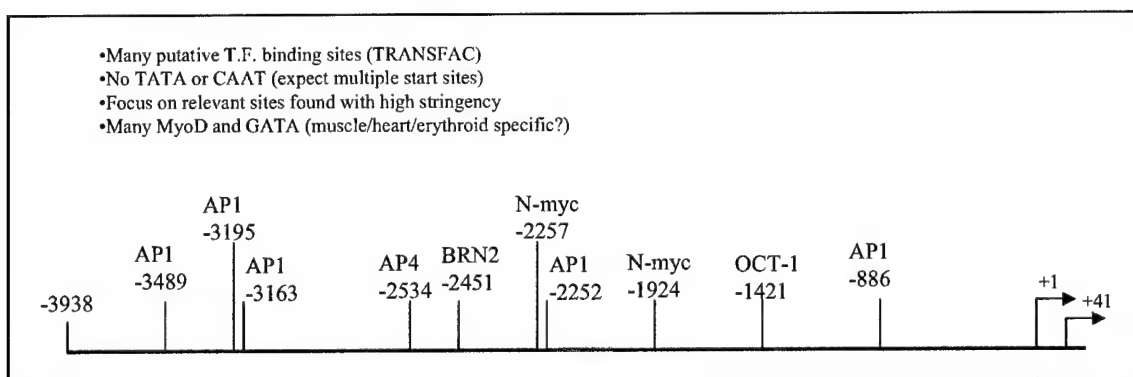
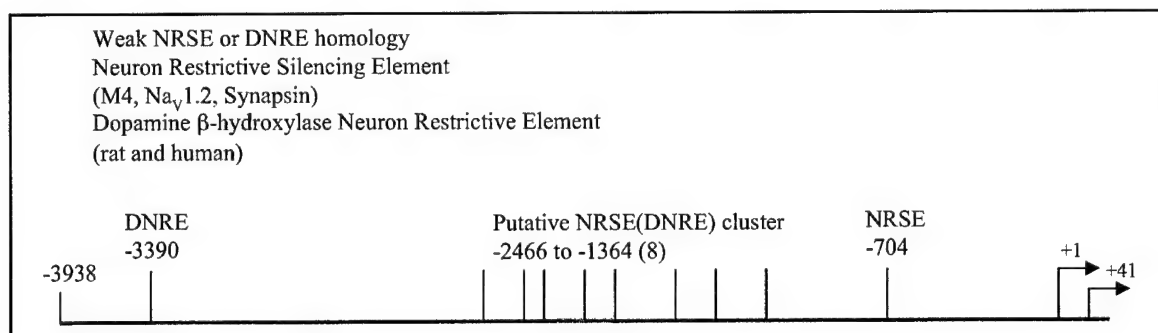


Figure7. Location of putativesilencer elements NRSE (Neuron restrictive silencer element) and DNRE (Dopamine beta-hydroxylase neuron restrictive element).



### Electrophoretic mobility shift analysis (EMSA) of the 4.0 kb region.

Since the 2.5 kb fragment was not able to drive expression of EGFP in transfected DRGs but the 4.0 kb region could not, this indicates that the 1.5 kb region distal to the transcriptional start site contained essential *cis* elements. Therefore, the focus of this granting period was on identifying essential *cis* elements in the 1.5 kb region. The 1.5 kb region was divided into 100 bp sections (15 total) by the PCR and each 100 bp fragment was labeled with [ $\gamma^{32}$ P]ATP and incubated with nuclear extract protein from DRGs. Three regions, -3100 to -3200, -3300 to -3400, and -3400 to -3500, were able to bind one or more proteins present in the DRG nuclear extract (figure 8). Analysis of the sequences from these regions (figures 6 and 7) indicates the presence of putative binding sites for the AP1 protein, c-Jun, and a neuron restrictive silencer element (NRSE). When purified c-Jun was incubated with each sub-region, binding of c-Jun to the -3100 to -3200 was evident (figure 8, lane 4). Therefore, one of the two DNA/protein complexes visualized when the -3100 to -3200 region was incubated with DRG nuclear extract protein contained c-Jun protein. The identities of the other nuclear extract proteins bound to the three regions are presently unknown.

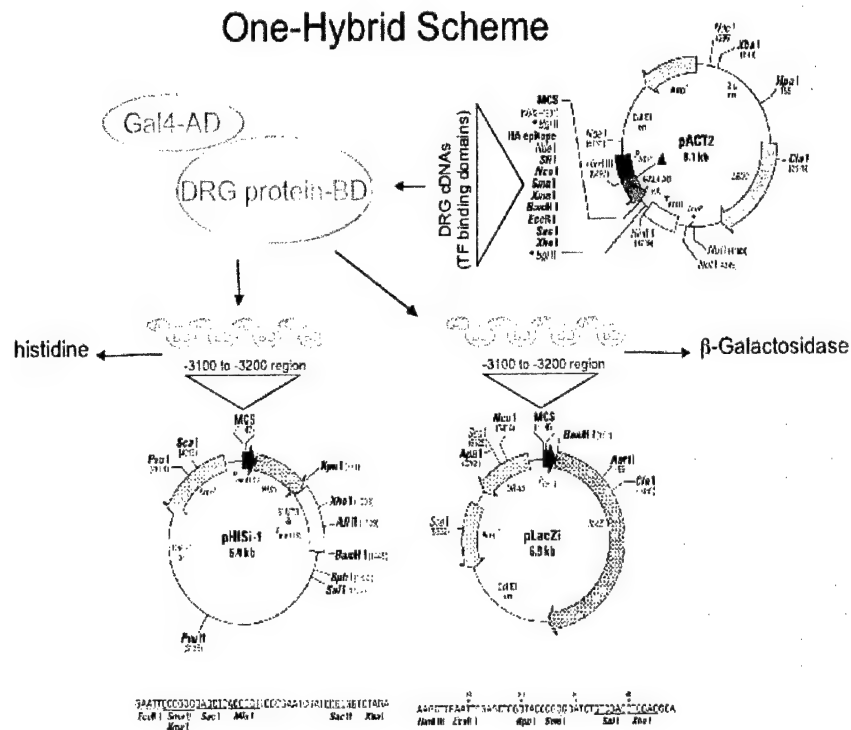
Figure 8. EMSA of specific sub-regions of the 4.0 kb region.



### One-hybrid analysis to isolate transcription factors bound to the 4.0 kb region.

The yeast one-hybrid technique is currently in use to identify transcription factors from DRGs that bind to the three sub-regions of the 4.0 kb region. The general scheme for one-hybrid screening is shown in figure 9.

Figure 9. One-hybrid analysis of the -3100 to -3200 region.



Transcription factors contain at least two domains, a binding domain (BD) and an activation domain (AD). The BD is used to bind specific DNA sequences within the promoter for a gene, whereas the AD is needed for the transcription factor to activate gene transcription. The one-hybrid analysis uses the 100 bp sub-regions from the 4.0 kb region as a target for any protein containing a BD for a specific DNA sequence on each sub-region. The AD is supplied by the Gal4 transcription factor. A cDNA library was constructed from total RNA isolated from mouse DRGs and ligated into the vector pACT2 (Clontech) that contains the AD for Gal4 upstream of a multiple cloning site for the DRG cDNAs. Target reporter genes containing each 100 bp sub-region fused upstream of the yeast gene *HIS3* were constructed in the vector pHISi-1 (Clontech). When the DRG-pACT2 library is transformed into yeast cells, the DRG cDNAs are expressed as fusion proteins to the Gal4-AD. If the DRG-pACT2 library is transformed into a yeast strain containing an integrated copy of each 100 bp-pHISi-1 vector, any fusion protein containing a BD for specific DNA sequences in the 100 bp sub-regions is expected to bind within the 100 bp region and activate gene transcription of the *HIS3* gene. Growth of a histidine-requiring yeast strain containing an integrated copy of a 100 bp-pHISi-1 vector on media lacking histidine indicates that a fusion protein capable of binding to the 100 bp sub-region is present in the transformed strain. Using this approach, we identified 42 DRG-pACT2 clones that contain putative BDs for DRG transcription factors that bind to the -3100 to -3200 sub-region of the *Scn10a* promoter. We currently are analyzing these clones by DNA sequence analysis to determine whether

they correspond to known transcription factors or are novel. As time permits, the other two sub-regions will be analyzed in the same fashion.

**Cloning wild-type and mutant G $\alpha$ , G $\beta$ , and G $\gamma$  subunits for future analysis of their effect on Scn10a function.**

The purpose of these experiments is to determine whether G protein  $\alpha$  and/or  $\beta\gamma$  subunits modulate the Scn10a sodium channel in sensory neurons. Various combinations of G proteins will be co-expressed in mouse DRG or nodose ganglion neurons, and whole-cell voltage-clamp recording of tetrodotoxin-resistant sodium channel activity will be made using the patch-clamp technique. During this funding cycle, a large number of wild-type, constitutively active, and dominant negative forms of G $\alpha$ , G $\beta$ , and G $\gamma$  genes have been isolated by our Guthrie cDNA Resource Center staff (see website [www.cdna.org](http://www.cdna.org)). The number of clones has expanded greatly since the start of this proposal. The cDNAs were prepared by the PCR using DNA primers specific to known G proteins and subcloned into two mammalian expression vectors, pcDNA 3.1 (Invitrogen) and PDNR-1r (Clontech). The clones were sequence-verified, and expression verified in most cases by coupled *in vitro* transcription/translation assays and the catalog of clones is shown (appendix A).

Cloning of the wild-type G-protein  $\alpha$ olf subunit (appendix B) and its constitutively active form (Appendix C) is given as an example of the clones isolated by the Guthrie cDNA Resource Center. The complete coding sequence for wild-type  $\alpha$ olf and the location of the mutation introduced to change a glutamine (Q) to leucine (L) to eliminate GTPase activity yielding a constitutively active phenotype is indicated.

## Key Research Accomplishments

1. Analysis of the 4.0 kb genomic sequence immediately upstream of the transcriptional start site of the *Scn10a* gene revealed that the distal 1.5 kb portion was essential for gene activation in DRGs.
2. The transcription factor c-Jun was shown to bind *in vitro* within the -3100 to -3200 region contained on this 4.0 kb fragment.
3. At least five other transcription factors bind within the region -3100 to -3500, and their identities are as yet unknown.
4. A large collection of cDNAs containing binding domains for putative transcription factors that interact within the -3100 to -3200 region were identified by a yeast one-hybrid protocol.
5. A large collection of cDNAs encoding wild-type and mutant forms of  $G\alpha$ ,  $G\beta$ , and  $G\gamma$  subunits were constructed for future analysis into their role in activating the *Scn10a* tetrodotoxin-resistant sodium channel.

## Reportable Outcomes

None

## Conclusions

The focus of this funding period has been on the 4.0 kb genomic fragment immediately upstream of the transcriptional start site for the *Scn10a* gene. The distal 1.5 kb portion was shown to be essential for *Scn10a* gene expression in transfected DRGs. Because of the relatively large size of this region, we sub-divided it into 100 bp sections and analyzed these regions by EMSA for binding of DRG nuclear extract protein and found that the -3100 to -3500 region efficiently bound several proteins *in vitro*. The DNA sequence of this region showed the presence of AP1 (c-Jun) binding sites that was confirmed by EMSA with purified c-Jun protein.

To date, the -3100 to -3200 region has been analyzed for transcription factor binding sites using the yeast one-hybrid assay. We have isolated 42 cDNA clones that contain at least the binding domains for putative transcription factors that interact within this region. Analysis of these cDNAs is in progress including isolation of their full-length coding sequence. This will allow us to determine whether any of these cDNAs are functional in co-transfection analyses along with *Scn10a* promoter-EGFP reporter constructs into primary cultures of DRGs. The -3200 to -3500 region is to be included in the focus of the next funding cycle.

We have cloned a large number of cDNAs, both wild-type and mutant forms, for  $G\alpha$ ,  $G\beta$ , and  $G\gamma$  subunits that are expected to be useful in future experiments to determine their role in regulating expression of the tetrodotoxin-resistant *Scn10a* sodium channel.

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Ikeda, SR. Voltage-dependent modulation of N-type calcium channels by G protein  $\beta\gamma$ -subunits. *Nature* **380**:255-258. 1996.

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## HETEROTRIMERIC G PROTEINS

HETEROTRIMERIC G PROTEINS																											GPR	
α		β		γ		RGS		RGS		GoLoco																		
WT	α	WT	β	WT	γ	WT	HA	WT	WT	3X-HA	WT																	
α cone	α cone	α cone	α cone	α cone	α cone	β1	β1	RG51	RG51	RG51	RG53L																	
α rod	α rod	α rod	α rod	α rod	α rod	β2	β2	RG52	RG52	RG52	RG53L																	
α1	α1	α1	α1	α1	α1	β3	β3	RG53	RG53	RG53	RG53L																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β4	β4	RG54	RG54	RG54	RG53T																	
α3	α3	α3	α3	α3	α3	β5	β5	RG55	RG55	RG55	RG53T																	
α off	α off	α off	α off	α off	α off	β6	β6	RG56	RG56	RG56	RG53T																	
α S	α S	α S	α S	α S	α S	β7	β7	RG57	RG57	RG57	RG53T																	
α L	α L	α L	α L	α L	α L	β8	β8	RG58	RG58	RG58	RG53T																	
α q	α q	α q	α q	α q	α q	β9	β9	RG59	RG59	RG59	RG53T																	
α11	α11	α11	α11	α11	α11	β10	β10	RG60	RG60	RG60	RG53T																	
α12	α12	α12	α12	α12	α12	β11	β11	RG61	RG61	RG61	RG53T																	
α13	α13	α13	α13	α13	α13	β12	β12	RG62	RG62	RG62	RG53T																	
α14	α14	α14	α14	α14	α14	β13	β13	RG63	RG63	RG63	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β14	β14	RG64	RG64	RG64	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β15	β15	RG65	RG65	RG65	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β16	β16	RG66	RG66	RG66	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β17	β17	RG67	RG67	RG67	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β18	β18	RG68	RG68	RG68	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β19	β19	RG69	RG69	RG69	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β20	β20	RG70	RG70	RG70	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β21	β21	RG71	RG71	RG71	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β22	β22	RG72	RG72	RG72	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β23	β23	RG73	RG73	RG73	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β24	β24	RG74	RG74	RG74	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β25	β25	RG75	RG75	RG75	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β26	β26	RG76	RG76	RG76	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β27	β27	RG77	RG77	RG77	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β28	β28	RG78	RG78	RG78	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β29	β29	RG79	RG79	RG79	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β30	β30	RG80	RG80	RG80	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β31	β31	RG81	RG81	RG81	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β32	β32	RG82	RG82	RG82	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β33	β33	RG83	RG83	RG83	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β34	β34	RG84	RG84	RG84	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β35	β35	RG85	RG85	RG85	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β36	β36	RG86	RG86	RG86	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β37	β37	RG87	RG87	RG87	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β38	β38	RG88	RG88	RG88	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β39	β39	RG89	RG89	RG89	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β40	β40	RG90	RG90	RG90	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β41	β41	RG91	RG91	RG91	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β42	β42	RG92	RG92	RG92	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β43	β43	RG93	RG93	RG93	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β44	β44	RG94	RG94	RG94	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β45	β45	RG95	RG95	RG95	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β46	β46	RG96	RG96	RG96	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β47	β47	RG97	RG97	RG97	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β48	β48	RG98	RG98	RG98	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β49	β49	RG99	RG99	RG99	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β50	β50	RG100	RG100	RG100	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β51	β51	RG101	RG101	RG101	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β52	β52	RG102	RG102	RG102	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β53	β53	RG103	RG103	RG103	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β54	β54	RG104	RG104	RG104	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β55	β55	RG105	RG105	RG105	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β56	β56	RG106	RG106	RG106	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β57	β57	RG107	RG107	RG107	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β58	β58	RG108	RG108	RG108	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β59	β59	RG109	RG109	RG109	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β60	β60	RG110	RG110	RG110	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β61	β61	RG111	RG111	RG111	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β62	β62	RG112	RG112	RG112	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β63	β63	RG113	RG113	RG113	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β64	β64	RG114	RG114	RG114	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β65	β65	RG115	RG115	RG115	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β66	β66	RG116	RG116	RG116	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β67	β67	RG117	RG117	RG117	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β68	β68	RG118	RG118	RG118	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β69	β69	RG119	RG119	RG119	RG53T																	
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α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β71	β71	RG121	RG121	RG121	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β72	β72	RG122	RG122	RG122	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β73	β73	RG123	RG123	RG123	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β74	β74	RG124	RG124	RG124	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β75	β75	RG125	RG125	RG125	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β76	β76	RG126	RG126	RG126	RG53T																	
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α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β80	β80	RG130	RG130	RG130	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β81	β81	RG131	RG131	RG131	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β82	β82	RG132	RG132	RG132	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β83	β83	RG133	RG133	RG133	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β84	β84	RG134	RG134	RG134	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β85	β85	RG135	RG135	RG135	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β86	β86	RG136	RG136	RG136	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β87	β87	RG137	RG137	RG137	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β88	β88	RG138	RG138	RG138	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β89	β89	RG139	RG139	RG139	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β90	β90	RG140	RG140	RG140	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β91	β91	RG141	RG141	RG141	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β92	β92	RG142	RG142	RG142	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β93	β93	RG143	RG143	RG143	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β94	β94	RG144	RG144	RG144	RG53T																	
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α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β96	β96	RG146	RG146	RG146	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β97	β97	RG147	RG147	RG147	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β98	β98	RG148	RG148	RG148	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β99	β99	RG149	RG149	RG149	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β100	β100	RG150	RG150	RG150	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β101	β101	RG151	RG151	RG151	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β102	β102	RG152	RG152	RG152	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β103	β103	RG153	RG153	RG153	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β104	β104	RG154	RG154	RG154	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β105	β105	RG155	RG155	RG155	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β106	β106	RG156	RG156	RG156	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β107	β107	RG157	RG157	RG157	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β108	β108	RG158	RG158	RG158	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β109	β109	RG159	RG159	RG159	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β110	β110	RG160	RG160	RG160	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β111	β111	RG161	RG161	RG161	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β112	β112	RG162	RG162	RG162	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β113	β113	RG163	RG163	RG163	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β114	β114	RG164	RG164	RG164	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β115	β115	RG165	RG165	RG165	RG53T																	
α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	α OA	β116	β116	RG166	RG166	RG166	RG53T																	
α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	α OB	β117	β117	RG167	RG167	RG167	RG53T																	
α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	α15(16)	β118	β118	RG168	RG168	RG168	RG53T																	
α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	α2	β119	β119	RG169	RG169	RG169	RG53T																	

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### G-protein alpha olf

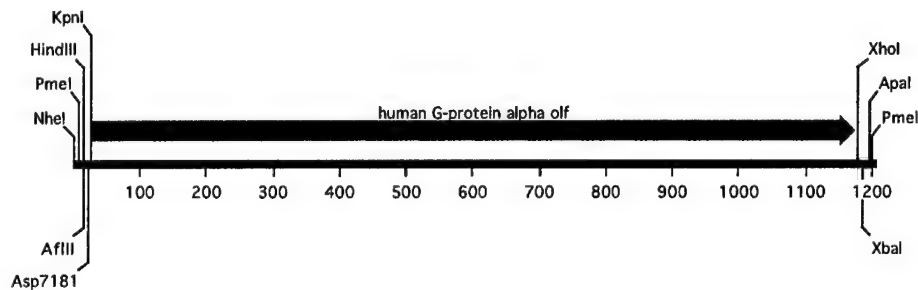
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<b>Date</b>		<b>IMAGE acc. #</b>	
<b>Lot</b>	01	<b>Origin</b>	cDNA
<b>Bacteria</b>	JM109	<b>Tag</b>	None
<b>Vector</b>	pcDNA3.1+	<b>Tag location</b>	N/A
<b>Antibiotic</b>	Ampicillin	<b>Mutation</b>	None
<b>Promoter</b>	CMV	<b>Phenotype</b>	wt
<b>Insert size</b>	1150	<b>Method</b>	N/A
<b>5'RE</b>	KpnI	<b>Sequenced</b>	Full length
<b>3'RE</b>	XhoI	<b>GB Acc. No.</b>	U55184

**Keywords** guanine nucleotide binding protein alpha human wild-type

#### References

**Notes** Human G-protein alpha olf subunit (wild type) cloned into pcDNA3.1+ (Invitrogen) at KpnI (5') and Xho I (3'). The open reading frame was amplified by the PCR from human whole brain cDNA (Clontech). The insert was sequenced and found to be identical with GB ACC# U55184 with the following exceptions: nucleotide C171->T (silent). Insert size = 1150 bp.

#### Map



## Human G-protein alpha olf

[illegible]

```

_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

460          470          480          490          500
GAT GAA GGC GTG AAG GCA TGC TTT GAG AGA TCC AAC GAA TAC CAG
D E G V K A C F E R S N E Y Q>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

510          520          530          540
CTG ATT GAC TGT GCA CAA TAC TTC CTG GAA AGA ATC GAC AGC GTC
L I D C A Q Y F L E R I D S V>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

550          560          570          580          590
AGC TTG GTT GAC TAC ACA CCC ACA GAC CAG GAC CTC CTC AGA TGC
S L V D Y T P T D Q D L L R C>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

600          610          620          630
AGA GTT CTG ACA TCT GGG ATT TTT GAG ACA CGA TTC CAA GTG GAC
R V L T S G I F E T R F Q V D>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

640          650          660          670          680
AAA GTA AAC TTC CAC ATG TTT GAT GTT GGT GGC CAG AGG GAT GAG
K V N F H M F D V G G Q R D E>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

690          700          710          720
AGG AGA AAA TGG ATC CAG TGC TTT AAC GAT GTC ACA GCT ATC ATT
R R K W I Q C F N D V T A I I>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

730          740          750          760          770
TAC GTC GCA GCC TGC AGT AGC TAC AAC ATG GTG ATT CGA GAA GAT
Y V A A C S S Y N M V I R E D>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

780          790          800          810
AAC AAC ACC AAC AGG CTG AGA GAG TCC CTG GAT CTT TTT GAA AGC
N N T N R L R E S L D L F E S>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

820          830          840          850          860
ATC TGG AAC AAC AGG TGG TTA CGG ACC ATT TCT ATC ATC TTG TTC
I W N N R W L R T I S I I L F>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

870          880          890          900
TTG AAC AAA CAA GAT ATG CTG GCA GAA AAA GTC TTG GCA GGG AAA
L N K Q D M L A E K V L A G K>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

910          920          930          940          950
TCA AAA ATT GAA GAC TAT TTC CCA GAA TAT GCA AAT TAT ACT GTT
S K I E D Y F P E Y A N Y T V>
_a_a_a_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF_a_a_a_a_>

```

960            970            980            990  
 CCT GAA GAC GCA ACA CCA GAT GCA GGA GAA GAT CCC AAA GTT ACA  
 P E D A T P D A G E D P K V T>  
 \_a\_a\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF\_a\_a\_a\_a\_>

1000            1010            1020            1030            1040  
 AGA GCC AAG TTC TTT ATC CGG GAC CTG TTT TTG AGG ATC AGC ACG  
 R A K F F I R D L F L R I S T>  
 \_a\_a\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF\_a\_a\_a\_a\_>

1050            1060            1070            1080  
 GCC ACC GGT GAC GGC AAA CAT TAC TGC TAC CCG CAC TTC ACC TGC  
 A T G D G K H Y C Y P H F T C>  
 \_a\_a\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF\_a\_a\_a\_a\_>

1090            1100            1110            1120            1130  
 GCC GTG GAC ACA GAG AAC ATC CGC AGG GTG TTC AAC GAC TGC CGC  
 A V D T E N I R R V F N D C R>  
 \_a\_a\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF\_a\_a\_a\_a\_>

1140            1150            1160            1170  
 GAC ATC ATC CAG CGG ATG CAC CTC AAG CAG TAT GAG CTC TTG TGA C  
 D I I Q R M H L K Q Y E L L \*>  
 \_a\_a\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF\_a\_a\_a\_a\_>

>XbaI            >ApaI            >PmeI  
 |            |            |  
 1180 | 1190 | 1200  
 TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCGTTTA

AAC

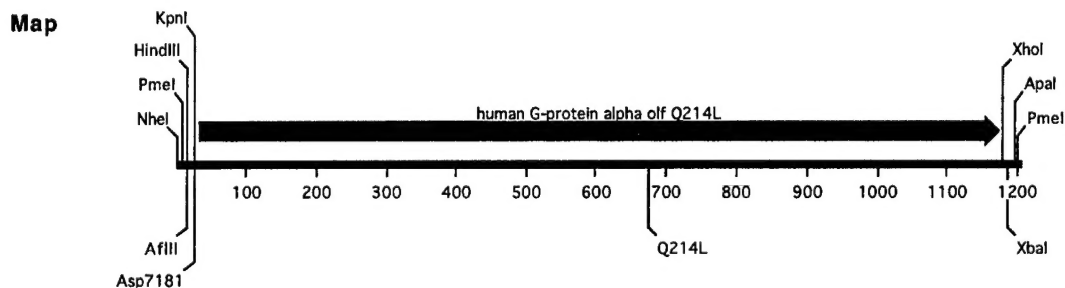
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### G-protein alpha olf Q214L

<b>CloneID</b>	GNA0L000C0	<b>Species</b>	human
<b>Gene Class</b>	G-protein alpha QL mutant	<b>IMAGE clone #</b>	
<b>Date</b>		<b>IMAGE acc. #</b>	
<b>Lot</b>	01	<b>Origin</b>	cDNA
<b>Bacteria</b>	JM109	<b>Tag</b>	None
<b>Vector</b>	pcDNA3.1+	<b>Tag location</b>	N/A
<b>Antibiotic</b>	Ampicillin	<b>Mutation</b>	Q214L
<b>Promoter</b>	CMV	<b>Phenotype</b>	CA
<b>Insert size</b>	1150	<b>Method</b>	Quickchange
<b>5'RE</b>	KpnI	<b>Sequenced</b>	Full length
<b>3'RE</b>	XhoI	<b>GB Acc. No.</b>	U55184
<b>Keywords</b>	guanine nucleotide binding protein alpha human constitutively active mutant		
<b>References</b>			

**Notes** The Q214L mutation was introduced into the human G-protein alpha olf (GNA0L00000) via the Quickchange mutagenesis kit (Stratagene). The mutation reduces GTPase activity resulting in a constitutively active phenotype. Insert size = 1150 bp.



## Human G-protein alpha olf Q214L

[illegible]

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

460            470            480            490            500  
GAT GAA GGC GTG AAG GCA TGC TTT GAG AGA TCC AAC GAA TAC CAG  
D E G V K A C F E R S N E Y Q>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

510            520            530            540  
CTG ATT GAC TGT GCA CAA TAC TTC CTG GAA AGA ATC GAC AGC GTC  
L I D C A Q Y F L E R I D S V>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

550            560            570            580            590  
AGC TTG GTT GAC TAC ACA CCC ACA GAC CAG GAC CTC CTC AGA TGC  
S L V D Y T P T D Q D L L R C>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

600            610            620            630  
AGA GTT CTG ACA TCT GGG ATT TTT GAG ACA CGA TTC CAA GTG GAC  
R V L T S G I F E T R F Q V D>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

>Q214L

640            650            660            670            680  
AAA GTA AAC TTC CAC ATG TTT GAT GTT GGT GGC CTG AGG GAT GAG  
K V N F H M F D V G G L R D E>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

690            700            710            720  
AGG AGA AAA TGG ATC CAG TGC TTT AAC GAT GTC ACA GCT ATC ATT  
R R K W I Q C F N D V T A I I>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

730            740            750            760            770  
TAC GTC GCA GCC TGC AGT AGC TAC AAC ATG GTG ATT CGA GAA GAT  
Y V A A C S S Y N M V I R E D>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

780            790            800            810  
AAC AAC ACC AAC AGG CTG AGA GAG TCC CTG GAT CTT TTT GAA AGC  
N N T N R L R E S L D L F E S>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

820            830            840            850            860  
ATC TGG AAC AAC AGG TGG TTA CGG ACC ATT TCT ATC ATC TTG TTC  
I W N N R W L R T I S I I L F>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

870            880            890            900  
TTG AAC AAA CAA GAT ATG CTG GCA GAA AAA GTC TTG GCA GGG AAA  
L N K Q D M L A E K V L A G K>

\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

910            920            930            940            950  
TCA AAA ATT GAA GAC TAT TTC CCA GAA TAT GCA AAT TAT ACT GTT



S K I E D Y F P E Y A N Y T V>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

960 970 980 990  
CCT GAA GAC GCA ACA CCA GAT GCA GGA GAA GAT CCC AAA GTT ACA  
P E D A T P D A G E D P K V T>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

1000 1010 1020 1030 1040  
AGA GCC AAG TTC TTT ATC CGG GAC CTG TTT TTG AGG ATC AGC ACG  
R A K F F I R D L F L R I S T>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

1050 1060 1070 1080  
GCC ACC GGT GAC GGC AAA CAT TAC TGC TAC CCG CAC TTC ACC TGC  
A T G D G K H Y C Y P H F T C>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

1090 1100 1110 1120 1130  
GCC GTG GAC ACA GAG AAC ATC CGC AGG GTG TTC AAC GAC TGC CGC  
A V D T E N I R R V F N D C R>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

>XhoI  
1140 1150 1160 1170  
GAC ATC ATC CAG CGG ATG CAC CTC AAG CAG TAT GAG CTC TTG TGA C  
D I I Q R M H L K Q Y E L L \*>  
\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_HUMAN G-PROTEIN ALPHA OLF Q214L\_\_a\_\_a\_\_a\_\_>

>PmeI  
|  
>XbaI >ApaI  
| |  
1180 | 1190 | 1200  
TCGAGTCTAGAGGGCCCGTTTA

AAC